





## Year 1 & 2

| Key vocabulary       |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>now</b>           | At this time  |
| <b>old</b>           | Something that existed many years ago.  |
| <b>nature</b>        | All the animals, plants, and other things that are not made by people.            |
| <b>conservation</b>  | Saving and protecting the environment.  |
| <b>naturalist</b>    | A person who studies plants, animals, insects, and other living things            |
| <b>documentary</b>   | A television programme, radio programme, or film, which shows real events.        |
| <b>environment</b>   | The surroundings where a person, animal or plant live.                            |
| <b>scientist</b>     | Someone who has studied science. Their job is to teach or do research in science. |
| <b>wildlife</b>      | Animals and other living things that live in the wild                             |
| <b>region</b>        | An area in a country.   |
| <b>Lake District</b> | A region in Cumbria in the North of England.                                      |
| <b>Middlesex</b>     | A county in the South of England. It is now part of Greater London.               |

| David Attenborough   |   |
|--|---|
| Sir David Attenborough is an English documentary maker and naturalist. |  |

| Key Knowledge  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>P<br/>r<br/>e<br/>c<br/>e<br/>d<br/>i<br/>n<br/>g</b> | Animals live in different environments.   |
|  | Plants grow in different environments   |
|  | Animals have offspring that grown into adults.  |
|  | People's lives were different in the past.  |
|  | We can care for the environment.  |
| David Attenborough                                       |   |
| <b>C<br/>u<br/>r<br/>r<br/>e<br/>n<br/>t</b>             | He was born in 1926 in Middlesex, which is now part of Greater London. Can you find London?                               |
|  |                                        |
|  | He is well known for his wildlife documentaries. Sir David Attenborough has won many awards for his work.                 |
|  | In 1985, he received a knighthood and became Sir David Attenborough.  |
|  | Sir David Attenborough supports many charities including the WWF, which is the world's largest conservation organisation. |

| Beatrix Potter  |  |
|---|--|
| Beatrix Potter is famous for writing children's books including, <i>The Tale of Peter Rabbit</i> , <i>The Tale of Squirrel Nutkin</i> and <i>The Tale of Jemima Puddle-Duck</i> . |  |
| Beatrix Potter was interested nature when she was young. She studied plants and was an artist.  |  |
| She helped to preserve land in the Lake District.   |  |
|    |  |
| She worked with the National Trust (a UK conservation charity).   |  |
| Beatrix Potter was born in 1866 in London. Her trips to the Lake District made her want to write stories about wildlife.  |  |
|    |  |

## Beatrix Potter Timeline

**1866:** Beatrix Potter was born

**1882:** Beatrix Potter visits the Lake District on holiday.

**1930:** Beatrix worked with the National Trust and helped to conserve the Lake District.

**1943:** Beatrix Potter died. She left lots of land to the National Trust.

**1902:** The Tale of Peter Rabbit was published.

**1922:** Beatrix had written 23 children's books.

**1926:** David Attenborough was born.



## David Attenborough Timeline

**1926:** David Attenborough was born.

**1945:** He completed studies in Natural Sciences at University.

**1972:** He began making natural history documentaries.

**Now:** David Attenborough still makes TV programmes and supports wildlife charities.

**1943:** Beatrix Potter died

**1985:** He Received a knighthood for his work on natural history.

